

Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

State regulations

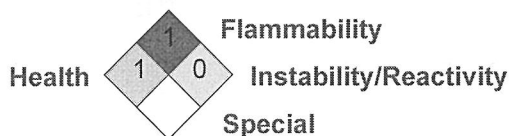
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.

International regulations

International lists	: Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC) : Not determined. Japan inventory : Not determined. Korea inventory : All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register) : Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) : All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN) : Not determined.
Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
EU Inventory	: Not determined.
WHMIS (Canada)	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/7/2014.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

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THE CONDITIONS OR METHODS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, USE, AND/OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL AND MAY BE BEYOND OUR KNOWLEDGE. FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT.

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CATO OIL AND GREASE INC -- 1676B-176, HARVEST KING DEXRON III/MERCON ATF

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MSDS Safety Information
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FSC: 9150
NIIN: 00-657-4959
MSDS Date: 07/03/1997
MSDS Num: CLNGV
Product ID: 1676B-176, HARVEST KING DEXRON III/MERCON ATF
MFN: 01
Responsible Party
Cage: 3F020
Name: CATO OIL AND GREASE CO INC
Address: 915 MARTIN LUTHER KING
Box: 26868
City: OKLAHOMA CITY OK 73126
Info Phone Number: 405-424-3311
Emergency Phone Number: (800)424-9300
Chemtrec IND/Phone: (800)424-9300
Proprietary Ind: Y
Review Ind: Y
Published: Y

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Contractor Summary
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Cage: 3F020
Name: CATO OIL AND GREASE CO INC
Address: 915 MARTIN LUTHER KING
Box: 26868
City: OKLAHOMA CITY OK 73126
Phone: 405-424-3311

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Item Description Information
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Item Manager: S9G
Item Name: HYDRAULIC FLUID,AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION
Unit of Issue: CN
Quantitative Expression: 00000000005GL
UI Container Qty: 1
Type of Container: STD COML PKG

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Ingredients
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Name: *** PROPRIETARY ***

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Health Hazards Data
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Route Of Entry Inds - Inhalation: YES
Skin: YES
Ingestion: YES
Carcinogenicity Inds - NTP: NO
IARC: NO
OSHA: NO

Effects of Exposure: WHEN THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS >7% PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172, THEN THIS PRODUCT CAN HAVE THE FOLLOWING ACUTE & CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS: MAY BE HARMFUL IF HIGH AMOUNTS OF VAPORS ARE INHALED WITH HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, BEHAVIORAL CHANGES, WEAKNESS, DROWSINESS, & STUPOR POSSIBLY OCCURING. REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE TO PETROLEUM NAPHTHA CAN CAUSE NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE; ALSO IF MATERIAL IS MISTED OR VAPORS ARE GENERATED BY

HEATING EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES & THE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. EXPOSURE TO A HIGH CONCENTRATION OF VAPOR OR MIST MAY BE IRRITATING.

Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: INHALATION: NOT EXPECTED TO BE ACUTELY TOXIC. SKIN: MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION BASED ON DATA FROM COMPONENTS. EYES: MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION BASED ON DATA FROM COMPONENTS. INGESTION: MAY CAUSE IRRITATI ON, NAUSEA, OR DIARRHEA. POSSIBLE ASPIRATION HAZARD.

Medical Cond Aggravated By Exposure: MAY AGGRAVATE PREVIOUSLY EXISTING EYE/SKIN DISORDERS.

First Aid: INHALATION: IF RESPIRATORY DISCOMFORT OR IRRITATION OCCURS, MOVE PERSON TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. SKIN: WASH WXPOSED PR OTION WITH SOAP AND WATER. LAUNDER SOILED CLOTHES BEFORE REUSE. EYES: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH WATER FOR A MINIMUM OF 15 MINUTES OCCASIONALLY LIFTING THE LOWER AND UPPER LIDS. IF FILM OR IRRITATION PERSISTS, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION. INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; CONTACT A PHYSICIAN.

Handling and Disposal

Spill Release Procedures: NOTIFY EMERGENCY RESPONSE PERSONNEL. EVACUATE AREA AND REMOVE IGNITION SOURCES. BUILD DIKE TO CONTAIN FLOW. REMOVE FREE LIQUID, DO NOT FLUSH WO SEWER OR OPEN WATER. PICK UP RESIDUE WITH INERT-ABSORBAN T AND PLACE IN CLOSED CONTAINER FOR DISPOSAL.

Waste Disposal Methods: UTILIZE LICENSED WASTE DISPOSAL COMPANY. CONSIDER ECYCLING OR CONTROLLED INCENERATION. UTILIZE PERMITTED INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL SITE. FOLLOW ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL GUIDELINES. REMEMBER THAT L IQUIDS AARE BANNED FROM LANDFILLING.

Handling And Storage Precautions: STORE CLEAN, DRY, BELOW 120 F(50C) TO PRESERVE FOR INTENDED USE. DO NOT STORE WITH STRONG OXIDIZERS. STORE AS OSHA CLASS III COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID.

Other Precautions: TRADE NAME: HARVEST KING DEXRON III/MERCON ATF. PRODUCT CLASS: AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID. PRODUCT CODE: 1676B-176. C.A.S. NUMBER: COMPLEX MIXTURE. HAZARD RATINGS: HEALTH-1. FIRE-1. REACTIVITY-0. HM IS PERSONAL PROTECTION-B.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Information

Flash Point Method: COC

Flash Point: =140.C, 284.F

Lower Limits: NA

Upper Limits: NA

Extinguishing Media: CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL OR FOAM.

Fire Fighting Procedures: FIRE FIGHTING UNKNOWN CONCENTRATION, USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH POSITIVE PRESSURE. WATER STREAM MAY SPREAD FIRE, USE WATER SPRAY ONLY TO COOL CONTAINERS NOT ON FIRE.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: WILL FORM FLAMMABLE MIXTURES WITH AIR WHEN HEATED TO ABOUT THE FLASH POINT. WILL NOT FLASH SPONTANEOUSLY.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: UP TO 25 MG/M3, HALF-MASK ORGANIC VAPOR RESPIRATOR. UP TO 50 MG/M3, FULL-FACE ORGANIC VAPOR RESPIRATOR OR FULL-FACE SELF-CONTAINED RESPIRATOR. GREATER THAN 50 MG/M3, FIRE FIGHTING UNKNOWN CONCENTRATIO N, USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH POSITIVE PRESSURE.

Ventilation: MAINTAIN LOCAL OR DILUTION VENTILATION TO KEEP AIR CONCENTRATIONS BELOW TLV/PEL. REQUEST ASSISTANCE OF SAFETY & INDYSTRIAL HYGIENE PERSON TO DETERMINE AIR CONC.

Protective Gloves: NITRILE OR NEOPRENE OR OTHER MATERIAL RESISTANT TO PETROLEUM OILS.

Eye Protection: SAFETY GLASSES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES OR FACE SHIELD AS APPOPIATE

FOR EXPOSURE.

Other Protective Equipment: NONE NORMALLY REQUIRED. BASED ON PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172, THE USE OF AN APRON IS RECOMMENDED.

Supplemental Safety and Health: GLOVES: BASED ON PROPRIETARY ADDITIVES 5172, THE USE OF NITRILE OR NEOPRENE GLOVES ARE RECOMMENDED. EYE: BASED ON PROPRIETARY ADDITIVES, THE USE OF CHEMICAL GOGGLES OR A FACE SHIELD IS RECOMMENDED.

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Physical/Chemical Properties

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HCC: V6

Boiling Point: >315.6C, 600.F

Vapor Density: >AIR

Spec Gravity: 0.87

Evaporation Rate & Reference: SLOWER (N-BUTYL ACETATE)

Appearance and Odor: RED LIQUID

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Reactivity Data

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Stability Indicator: YES

Stability Condition To Avoid: AVOID CONDITIONS THAT COULD GENERATE AN OIL MIST. DO NOT EXPOSE THE PRODUCT TO STRONG OXIDIZERS OR EXCESSIVE HEAT.

Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZERS OR EXCESSIVE HEAT.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: INCOMPLETE COMBUSTION CAN YIELD CARBON (SMOKE), CARBON MONOXIDE, VARIOUS HYDROCARBONS AND EVOLVE OTHER TOXIC GASES OR VAPORS.

Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO

Conditions To Avoid Polymerization: WILL NOT OCCUR.

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Toxicological Information

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Toxicological Information: BASED ON PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172 MODERATE TO STRONG EYE IRRITATION IS POSSIBLE WHILE SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE SKIN SENSITIZATION &/OR DIMETHYL HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE THAT IN A TWO YEAR FEEDING STUDY CONDUCTED BY THE NTP SHOWED CLEAR EVIDENCE OF CARCINOGENICITY IN MALE RATS, BUT FINDINGS WERE EQUIVOCAL IN FEMALE RATS; MALE RATS & FEMALE MICE SHOWED NO EVIDENCE OF CARCINOGENICITY; RESULTS OF IN-VITRO MUTAGENICITY TESTS FOR DIMETHYL HYDROGEN PHOSPHATE HAVE BEEN BOTH POSITIVE & NEGATIVE.

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Ecological Information

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MSDS Transport Information

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Transport Information: DOT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL? NO. DOT SHIPPING NAME AND NUMBER - NOT APPLICABLE. DOT HAZARD CLASS - NOT APPLICABLE.

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Regulatory Information

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SARA Title III Information: SARA 311/312 CATEGORY - HEALTH HAZARD IMMEDIATE AND CHRONIC. SARA 313 - NOT APPLICABLE.

Federal Regulatory Information: ALL INGREDIENTS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE LISTED IN THE T.S.C.A. INVENTORY. BASED ON PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172 THIS PRODUCT MAY BE SUBJECT TO EXPORT NOTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 12(B) OF TSCA DUE TO CONTAINED 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE AND ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL.

State Regulatory Information: THE PRODUCT MAY CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING CHEMICALS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER &/OR BIRTH DEFECTS BASED ON MAXIMUM IMPURITY LEVELS OF THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS: <1 PPM CADMIUM, <1 PPM LEAD, <1 PPM ARSENIC, <1 PPM BENZENE, CAS# 71-43-2;

ADDITIONALLY, BASED ON PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172 THIS PRODUCT REQUIRES NOTIFICATION BEFORE SALE IN JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, KOREA, THE PHILLIPINES AND CONTAINS A MATERIAL WHICH MUST BE NOTIFIED AND TRACKED BY ALL CANADIAN IMPORTERS.

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 Other Information
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Other Information: PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172 CONTAINS FROM 10 TO 19.9% ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA WITH A SUPPER RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE LIMIT TWA OF 100 PPM AND STEL OF 200 PPM; PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172 ALSO CONTAINS FROM 0.5 TO 1.5% ETHOXYLATED LONG CHAIN ALKYLAMINE AND FROM 0.1 TO 0.9% 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE, CAS# 95-93-6 WHICH HAS AN ACGIH TLV-TWA OF 25 PPM.

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 Transportation Information
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Responsible Party Cage: 3F020
 Trans ID NO: 159254
 Product ID: 1676B-176, HARVEST KING DEXRON III/MERCON ATF
 MSDS Prepared Date: 07/03/1997
 Review Date: 10/12/2001
 MFN: 1
 Net Unit Weight: 36.2 LBS
 Multiple KIT Number: 0
 Review IND: Y
 Unit Of Issue: CN
 Container QTY: 1
 Type Of Container: STD COML PKG

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 Detail DOT Information
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DOT PSN Code: ZZZ
 DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

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 Detail IMO Information
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IMO PSN Code: ZZZ
 IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

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 Detail IATA Information
 =====

IATA PSN Code: ZZZ
 IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

=====
 Detail AFI Information
 =====

AFI PSN Code: ZZZ
 AFI Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

=====
 HAZCOM Label
 =====

Product ID: 1676B-176, HARVEST KING DEXRON III/MERCON ATF
 Cage: 3F020
 Company Name: CATO OIL AND GREASE CO INC
 Street: 915 MARTIN LUTHER KING
 PO Box: 26868
 City: OKLAHOMA CITY OK
 Zipcode: 73126
 Health Emergency Phone: (800)424-9300
 Label Required IND: Y
 Date Of Label Review: 10/12/2001

Status Code: A
Origination Code: F
Eye Protection IND: YES
Skin Protection IND: YES
Signal Word: CAUTION
Respiratory Protection IND: YES
Health Hazard: Slight
Contact Hazard: Slight
Fire Hazard: Slight
Reactivity Hazard: None

Hazard And Precautions: WHEN THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS >7% PROPRIETARY ADDITIVE 5172, THEN THIS PRODUCT CAN HAVE THE FOLLOWING ACUTE & CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS: MAY BE HARMFUL IF HIGH AMOUNTS OF VAPORS ARE INHALED WITH HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, BEHAVIORAL CHANGES, WEAKNESS, DROWSINESS, & STUPOR POSSIBLY OCCURRING. REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE TO PETROLEUM NAPHTHA CAN CAUSE NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE; ALSO IF MATERIAL IS MISTED OR VAPORS ARE GENERATED BY HEATING EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES & THE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. EXPOSURE TO A HIGH CONCENTRATION OF VAPOR OR MIST MAY BE IRRITATING.

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HARVEST KING



CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30 Material Safety Data Sheet

CITGO Petroleum Corporation
P.O. Box 4689
Houston, TX 77210

MSDS No. 620703001
Revision Date 10/26/2005

Hazard Rankings		
	HMIS	NFPA
Health Hazard	0	0
Fire Hazard	1	1
Reactivity	0	0

* = Chronic Health Hazard

IMPORTANT: Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of this product and pass this information on to employees, customers and users of this product.

Emergency Overview	
Physical State	Liquid.
Color	Amber to black
Odor	Mild petroleum odor
CAUTION: Hot oil can cause thermal burns on contact. "Used" motor oil has been associated with skin cancer in laboratory animals following extended contact. Spills may create a slipping hazard.	

Protective Equipment
Minimum Recommended See Section 8 for Details
  

SECTION 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name	CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30	Technical Contact	(800) 248-4684
Product Number	620703001	Medical Emergency	(832) 486-4700
CAS Number	Mixture.	CHEMTREC Emergency (United States Only)	(800) 424-9300
Product Family	Motor oil		
Synonyms	Motor oil; CITGO® Material Code No.: 620703001		

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION

Component Name(s)	CAS Registry No.	Concentration (%)
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	0 - 100
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	0 - 80
Residual oils, petroleum, solvent-refined	64742-01-4	0 - 30
Zinc and Zinc Compounds	68649-42-3	<1

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Also see Emergency Overview and Hazard Ratings on the top of Page 1 of this MSDS.

Major Route(s) of Entry Skin contact.

Signs and Symptoms of Acute Exposure

CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

Inhalation	At elevated temperatures or in enclosed spaces, product mist or vapors may irritate the mucous membranes of the nose, the throat, bronchi, and lungs.
Eye Contact	This product can cause transient mild eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid sprays or mists. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness, and swelling.
Skin Contact	This product can cause mild, transient skin irritation with short-term exposure. Skin contact with hot material may result in severe burns.
Ingestion	If swallowed, this material can cause a laxative effect.
Chronic Health Effects Summary	This product contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or oil acne. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of petroleum-based mineral oil mists at concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels can cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects.
Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	Disorders of the following organs or organ systems that may be aggravated by significant exposure to this material or its components include: Skin
Target Organs	May cause damage to the following organs: skin.
Carcinogenic Potential	This product is not known to contain any components at concentrations above 0.1% which are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

OSHA Hazard Classification is indicated by an "X" in the box adjacent to the hazard title. If no "X" is present, the product does not exhibit the hazard as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

OSHA Health Hazard Classification				OSHA Physical Hazard Classification			
Irritant	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sensitizer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Combustible	<input type="checkbox"/>	Explosive	<input type="checkbox"/>
Toxic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Highly Toxic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Flammable	<input type="checkbox"/>	Oxidizer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Corrosive	<input type="checkbox"/>	Carcinogenic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Compressed Gas	<input type="checkbox"/>	Organic Peroxide	<input type="checkbox"/>
						Pyrophoric	<input type="checkbox"/>
						Water-reactive	<input type="checkbox"/>
						Unstable	<input type="checkbox"/>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or providing first aid. For more specific information, refer to Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 of this MSDS.

Inhalation	Vaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause inhalation-related disorders under anticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure, move the person to fresh air.
Eye Contact	Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness, or pain persists.
Skin Contact	If burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amounts of cool water. For contact with product at ambient temperatures, remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Do not give anything to drink unless directed to by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. Seek medical attention immediately.

CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

Notes to Physician

INGESTION: The viscosity range of the product(s) represented by this MSDS is greater than 100 SUS at 100°F. There is a low risk of aspiration upon ingestion. Careful gastric lavage or emesis may be considered to evacuate large quantities of material.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA Flammability Classification	NFPA Class-IIIB combustible material.		
Flash Point	Open cup: 246°C (475°F) (Cleveland.).		
Lower Flammable Limit	No data.	Upper Flammable Limit	No data.
Autoignition Temperature	Not available.		
Hazardous Combustion Products	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of sulfur, phosphorus, zinc and/or nitrogen.		
Special Properties	This material can burn but will not readily ignite. This material will release vapors when heated above the flash point temperature that can ignite when exposed to a source of ignition. In enclosed spaces, heated vapor can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays may burn at temperatures below the flash point.		
Extinguishing Media	Use dry chemical, foam, Carbon Dioxide or water fog. Water or foam may cause frothing. Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces.		
Protection of Fire Fighters	Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies.		

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting spill control or clean-up. For more specific information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 and Disposal Considerations in Section 13 of this MSDS.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers. In urban area, cleanup spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek cleanup advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used. Comply with all laws and regulations.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Avoid contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation. Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition sources. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product.
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CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

Storage

Keep container closed. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated temperatures. Avoid storing product in direct sunlight for extended periods of time. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits (see below). An eye wash station and safety shower should be located near the work-station.

Personal Protective Equipment

Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this material is used. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. The following pictograms represent the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. For certain operations, additional PPE may be required.



Eye Protection

Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. Wear goggles if splashing or spraying is anticipated. Wear goggles and face shield if material is heated above 125°F (51°C). Have suitable eye wash water available.

Hand Protection

Use gloves constructed of chemical resistant materials such as heavy nitrile rubber if frequent or prolonged contact is expected. Use heat-protective gloves when handling product at elevated temperatures.

Body Protection

Avoid prolonged and/or repeated skin contact. Use clean protective clothing if splashing or spraying conditions are present. Protective clothing should include long-sleeves, apron, boots and additional facial protection. Remove oil contaminated clothing. Launder oil contaminated clothing before reusing. Contaminated leather goods should be removed promptly and discarded.

Respiratory Protection

The need for respiratory protection is not anticipated under normal use conditions and with adequate ventilation. If elevated airborne concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels are anticipated, a NIOSH-approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection factors vary depending upon the type of respirator used. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134).

General Comments

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed skin areas with plenty of mild soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, use of toilet facilities, or leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents or harsh abrasives as skin cleaners. Since specific exposure standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the "Oil Mist, Mineral" exposure limits shown below are suggested as minimum control guidelines.

Occupational Exposure Guidelines

Substance

Oil Mist, Mineral

Applicable Workplace Exposure Levels

ACGIH (United States).

TWA: 5 mg/m³

STEL: 10 mg/m³

OSHA (United States).

TWA: 5 mg/m³

CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (TYPICAL)

Physical State	Liquid.	Color	Amber to black	Odor	Mild petroleum odor
Specific Gravity	AP 0.9 (Water = 1)	pH	Not applicable.	Vapor Density	>1 (Air = 1)
Boiling Range	Not available.			Melting/Freezing Point	Not available.
Vapor Pressure	<0.001 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) (at 20°C)			Volatility	Negligible volatility.
Solubility in Water	Negligible solubility in cold water.			Viscosity (cSt @ 40°C)	96
Flash Point	Open cup: 246°C (475°F) (Cleveland.).				
Additional Properties	Gravity, °API (ASTM D287) = 23.9 - 27.5 @ 60° F Density = 7.41- 7.59 Lbs/gal. Viscosity (ASTM D2161) = AP 500 SUS @ 100° F				

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable.	Hazardous Polymerization	Not expected to occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame, and strongly oxidizing conditions.		
Materials Incompatibility	Strong oxidizers.		
Hazardous Decomposition Products	No additional hazardous decomposition products were identified other than the combustion products identified in Section 5 of this MSDS.		

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

For other health-related information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1 and the Hazards Identification in Section 3 of this MSDS.

Toxicity Data	Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
	ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
	DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

	Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic :
	ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
	DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and

CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested. Analyses conducted by method IP 346 indicate that the concentration of DMSO extractables in this mineral oil is below 3.0 weight percent.

Residual oils, petroleum, solvent-refined:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested.

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat].
DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

INHALATION (LC50) Acute: 9.6 mg/L (Female Rat).

INHALATION (LC50) Acute: 10.5 mg/L (Male Rat).

DRAIZE EYE Acute: Non-irritating (Rabbit).

DRAIZE DERMAL Acute: Mild skin irritant (Rabbit).

BUEHLER DERMAL Acute: Non-sensitizing (Guinea Pig).

28-Day DERMAL Sub-Chronic: Mild to moderate skin irritant (Rabbit & Rat).

A life-time dermal application of severely hydrotreated light naphthenic oils produced skin masses on mice which correlated with the skin irritation response levels of the test animals. Additional studies attribute these masses to a weak promotional activity. These studies indicate that light naphthenic oils are not mutagenic, tumor initiators nor complete chemical carcinogens. These materials have not been determined to be carcinogenic by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Engine oil:

Used motor oil was associated with cancer in lifetime skin painting studies with laboratory animals. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with used motor oil. Use of good hygiene practices will reduce the likelihood of potential health effects.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this product. However, if spilled, this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life. Also, the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.

Environmental Fate

An environmental fate analysis is not available for this specific product. Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lubricating oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment. This material contains phosphorus which is a controlled element for disposal in effluent waters in most sections of North America. Phosphorus is known to enhance the formation of algae. Severe algae growth can reduce oxygen content in the

CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

water possibly below levels necessary to support marine life.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use. Accordingly, it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition.

Conditions of use may cause this material to become a "hazardous waste", as defined by federal or state regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues. Empty drums and pails retain residue. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose this product's empty container to heat, flame, or other ignition sources. DO NOT attempt to clean it. Empty drums and pails should be drained completely, properly bunged or sealed, and promptly sent to a reconditioner.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description below may not represent requirements for all modes of transportation, shipping methods or locations outside of the United States.

US DOT Status Not regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation as a hazardous material.

Proper Shipping Name Not regulated.

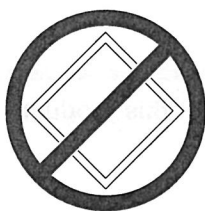
Hazard Class Not regulated.

Packing Group(s) Not applicable.

UN/NA Number Not regulated.

Reportable Quantity A Reportable Quantity (RQ) has not been established for this material.

Placard(s)



Emergency Response Guide No. Not applicable.

MARPOL III Status Not a DOT "Marine Pollutant" per 49 CFR 171.8.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

**SARA 302/304
Emergency Planning
and Notification** The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No components were identified.

CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

SARA 311/312 Hazard Identification

The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following hazard categories:

No SARA 311/312 hazard categories identified.

SARA 313 Toxic Chemical Notification and Release Reporting

This product contains the following components in concentrations above de minimis levels that are listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: No components were identified.

CERCLA

The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQ's) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. Chemical substances present in this product or refinery stream that may be subject to this statute are:
Zinc and Zinc Compounds, Concentration: <1%

Clean Water Act (CWA)

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

California Proposition 65

This material may contain the following components which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5):
Toluene: <0.002%

New Jersey Right-to-Know Label

Motor oil

Additional Regulatory Remarks

No additional regulatory remarks.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Refer to the top of Page 1 for the HMIS and NFPA Hazard Ratings for this product.

REVISION INFORMATION

Version Number 2.0
Revision Date 10/26/2005
Print Date Printed on 10/26/2005.

ABBREVIATIONS

AP: Approximately	EQ: Equal	>: Greater Than	<: Less Than	NA: Not Applicable	ND: No Data	NE: Not Established
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists				AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association		
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer				NTP: National Toxicology Program		
NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health				OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
NPCA: National Paint and Coating Manufacturers Association				HMIS: Hazardous Materials Information System		
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association				EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency		

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

CITGO Non Detergent Motor Oil, SAE 30

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***** END OF MSDS *****

SAFETY DATA SHEET



MileMaster® Motor Oil, SAE 10W-30

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : MileMaster® Motor Oil, SAE 10W-30
Synonyms : Not available.
Code : 661413008

Supplier's details : CITGO Petroleum Corporation
P.O. Box 4689
Houston, TX 77210
sdsvend@citgo.com

Emergency telephone number : Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684
Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700
CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300
(United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

General : Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May be harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : Not applicable.

Storage : Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

Potential acute health effects

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : Treat symptomatically and supportively. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- | | |
|---|---|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. |
|---|---|

Extinguishing media

- | | |
|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
phosphorus oxides
metal oxide/oxides |

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None identified.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Amber to dark amber
- Odor** : Mild petroleum odor
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Open cup: 232°C (449.6°F) [Cleveland.]
- Evaporation rate** : <1 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) [room temperature]
- Vapor density** : >1 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.87
- Density lbs/gal** : Estimated 7.25 lbs/gal
- Gravity, °API** : Estimated 31 @ 60 F
- Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.